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would yield in the first instance, at little cost and without hazard, a large stock of valuable information, and would probably lead to consequences of far greater importance to commerce, as well as geography, than any other expedition, however bold in design or expensive in equipment, which could be directed to any other portion of the African continent.

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**XI.—*Regulations respecting Geographical Societies in the British Colonies or Dependencies, desirous of connecting themselves with the Royal Geographical Society of London.***

IN June last, shortly after the receipt of the communication from Bombay printed in this volume, (pp. 5-11,) a special general meeting of the Royal Geographical Society of London was held, by which the following resolutions were unanimously passed.

“ 1. Geographical Societies established in any of the British Colonies or Dependencies, and expressing a wish to be admitted as Branches of the Royal Geographical Society in London, may be so admitted by the Council.

“ 2. The Members of all such of these Societies as shall correspond with the Parent Society, and forward to it Reports of their Proceedings, shall be considered Corresponding Members of the Society while out of England; and on their return home shall be eligible, by ballot, with other Corresponding Members, to be admitted Ordinary Members without payment of the entrance fee.

“ 3. One copy of every volume, or part of a volume, of the Society's Journal, as successively published, shall be sent to each Branch Society, to be placed in its library; with other copies for the authors of communications which may appear in such volumes; and any additional numbers which may be ordered shall be delivered in England, at two-thirds of the price, to any Agent duly authorized to receive and forward them.”

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